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ZEPHYR



# **Company Information**

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

AUDIT COMMITTEE:

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER:

COMPANY SECRETARY:

AUDITORS:

LEGAL ADVISOR :

BANKERS TO THE COMPANY:

MILLS:

Mr. Burhan Muhammad Khan Mr. Arhab Muhummad Khan Mr. Manzar Us Salam Ms. Tehniyat Mussaid Ms. Sabah Burhan Ms. Sabah Burhan Ms. Sarah Mussaid

Ms. Tehniyat Mussaid Mr. Arbab Muhammad Khan Ms. Sabah Burhan

Mr. Naveed Aleem

Mr. Mussaid Harif

Mr. Abdul Jahbar

Azhur Zafur & Company

Cornelius Lanc & Mufti Advocate and Solicitors Nawa e Waqt House, 4 Shahrah e Fatima Jinnah, Lahore - 54000, Pakistan

Habib Bank Limited Albed Bank Limited Askari Bank Limited United Bank Limited Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited Bank Al Habib Limited

1 xeu, Balloki Bhai Pheru Road, Bhai Pheru,

Fhone: 0494 - 512007 9, 513103 5 Fax: - 0494 - 512011

63 km, Gulshan Adda, Jumber Khurd, District, Kasur

REGISTERED & HEAD OFFICE:

3rd Floor, IEP Building, 97 B/D 1, Gulberg III, Lahore. E-mail. mfo@sephyr.com.pk Website: www.zephyr.com.pk

Phone' 042-35782905-15 Fux: 042-35753202 CEO

Chairperson / Member Member Member

Chartered Accountants

National Bank of Pakistan NIB Bank Limited The Bank of Punjab Faysal Bank Limited Meezan Bank Limited Silk Bank Limited

(Weaving unit & Power plant)

(Towel Unit)

# Notice of Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the 16<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of Zephyr Textiles Limited will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 3rd Floor IEP Building, 97 B/D-1, Gulberg III, Labore on Saturday, October 25, 2014, at 11:30 AM to transact the following business:

- To confirm the minutes of the last Annual General Meeting dated October 31, 2013.
- To receive, consider and adopt the audited accounts of the company for the year ended June 30, 2014 together with the Directors' and Auditor's report thereon.
- 3. To appoint auditors for the year ending June 30, 2015 and to fix their remuneration. The present Auditors M/S Azhar Zafar & Company. Chartered Accountants, retire and being eligible offer themselves for reappointment.
- 4. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By order of the Board

Lahore: October 03, 2014 Abdul Jabbar Company Secretary

#### NOTES:

- 1. Share transfer books of the company will remain closed from October 18, 2014 to October 25, 2014 Goth days inclusive) and no transfer will be accepted during this period.
- 2. A Shareholder entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint another shareholder as his/her proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of the power of attorney must be received at the registered office of the company, duly stamped, signed and witnessed not later than 48 hours before the meeting.
- 3. Shareholders whose shares are deposited with Central Depository Company (CDC) are requested to bring their Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) along with their Account Number in CDC for verification. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors resolution/power of attorney with specimen signatures of the nominee shall be produced funless it has been provided earlier) at the time of meeting.
- 4. In case of proxy for and individual beneficial owner of CDC attested copies of beneficial owner's NIC or passport, account and participants ID numbers must be deposited along with the form of proxy. Representatives of corporate members should bring the usual documents required for such purpose.
- 5 Shareholdors are requested to notify any change in their addresses immediately.

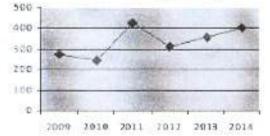
# Directors' Report

Directors of Zephyr Textiles Limited ("The Company") are Pleased to present the annual report of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2014 along with the financial statements and auditors' report thereon.

#### **Financial Performance**

Financial and operating performance of the Company showed strong resilience despite precarious business environment in the country during the period under review. Sales revenue and gross profit of the Company recorded a significant increase of 9.33% and 12.84% respectively. Although performance indicators have improved as compared with previous year, reduced after tax profit is due to one-time other income realized in last year. Company acquired 24 pre-owned weaving machines, which helped in mitigating the effects of production loss due to severe energy erises.

#### Gross Profit (Million)

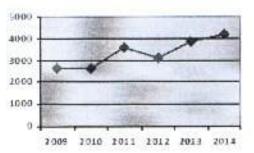


#### Financial highlights

	2014 Rupees	2013 Rupees	Increase/ (Decrease)
Net Sale	4,199,161,232	3,840,907,094	9.33%
Gross Profit	405,352,767	359,233,736	12.84%
EBITDA	256,308,681	269,859,534	(5.02%)
Depreciation	167,459,038	147,075.088	13.86%
Finance Cost	193,112,234	236,683,809	(18.41%)
Pre-tax Profit	88,849,643	122.784,446	(27.64%)
After tox Profit	63,453,852	114,260,897	(44.47%)

The increase in sales revenue and gross profit is mainly attributable to company's focus on the marketing of value added products. Our long-term relations with our customers that are based on supplying high quality products paid off. Pakistan was granted GSP Plus status, which helped in boasting the sales. Full advantage could not be realized due to shortage of energy and a sharp strengthening of Rupee value during second quarter of the year, which dealt a serious blow to the export potential.

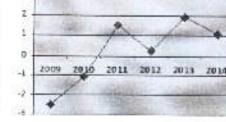
#### Sales (Million)



The Company continued its efforts to keep the plant and equipment in good health. Investment of PKR 75.8 Million in the BMR of fixed assets was managed from internal generation. Finance cost decreased by 18.41% (June 2013: PKR 236.684 million, June 2014: PKR 193.112 million) in the current year compared to the corresponding year. This decrease is due to charging PKR 117.178 million mark up last year on loans availed from The Bank Of Punjab (BOP) for pending three years which was not recorded earlier in lieu of recovery suit filed by the BOP. The Company managed to reduce its long-term debt by Rs.194.635 million through operations and better working capital management. The earnings per share of the company is PKR 1.07 in 2014 as compared to PKR 1.92 in 2013.

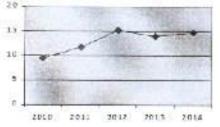
The fabric manufacturing facilities were running at 94 % efficiency as compared to 93% of last years and are capable of producing wide range of apparel and home furnishing fabrics. The sales quantity has increased to 14.73 million meters in 2014 as compared to 13.97 million meters in 2013

#### General market review and future prospects





Earning Per Share (Rs.)



Pakistan's textile industry despite being the backbone of the economy is completely neglected by the government. In particular industry located in Punjab is being treated very unfairly due to serious shortage of power and gas. The increase of 80% in power tariffs and imposition of Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC) was a shock for the industry. In face of intense regional competition and slow market conditions, it is hard to puss on these cost increases to our customers. State Bank has reduced Export Refinance rate form 9.40 % to 7.50 %, which will have positive impact on value added export industry.

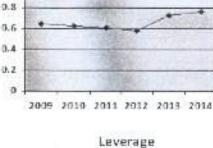
China's huge stockpiles of rotton have made the trade nervous and prices have seen a downward spiral. Textile products are going through a slow cycle and hopefully the demand will rebound by second quarter of current year.

#### Working Capital Management

The Company's liquidity and short term financial position slightly improved further in the current year. Our current and quick ratio stayed at 0.77 and 0.226 respectively, up from 0.73 and 0.203 respectively from the previous year. It is clear evidence of prudent working capital financial management despite the financing requirements of bigger sules volume this year.

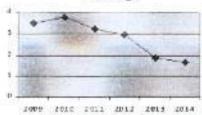
#### Capital Structure

Leverage of the Company also recorded alight improvement as well from 1.85 last year to 1.63 as at June 30, 2014 which depicts the management's commitment to improve Company's capital structure.



Current Ratio

1





#### Contribution to National Exchequer and Economy

During the year Company contributed an amount of PKR 36.16 million towards national exchequer by way of income tax. The Company is also arting as withholding agent for FBR. The Company contributed through earnings of forcign exchange amounting to US \$ 13.49 million. As explained in value addition statement, total value addition made to the economy was Rs. 4,211.41 million during the year.

#### Energy Availability and Cost

The rising cost and un-availability of the energy, i.e electricity and gas shortage is a major threat to manufacturing industry. This risk if unmitigated can render us misfit to compete in the international markets.

#### Information Technology

The information technology, with all its hardware and software capabilities, has become the integral part of the company. The IT infrastructure is being strengthened to cater much needed impetus to all our business segments. Our MIS department revamped the General Ledger module to meet the growing need of the company for better control of costs and information flow.

#### Corporate Matters

The Board of Directors was comprised of seven members including CEO. One director of the Company Mr. Gauhar Abdul Hai resigned from its office on April 22, 2014. This casual vacancy was duly filled in stipulated time period by appointing Ms. Sarah Mussuid as director of the Company till the next elections due on August 16, 2015.

#### Compliance of Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework

We are committed to good corporate governance and do comply with the requirements of Code of Corporate Governance included in the listing regulations of Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges. The statement of compliance with the CCG is also enclosed.

#### **Board Committees**

#### Audit Committee

The audit committee is performing its duties in line with its terms of reference as determined by the Board of Directors. Composition of the committee is as follows:

Ms. Tehniyat Mussaid	Chairperson/Member
Ms. Sabah Burhan	Member
Mr. Arbab Muhammad Khan	Member

#### Human Resource & Remuneration (HR&R) Committee

The Human Resource & Remunication Committee is performing its duties in line with its terms of reference as determined by the Board of Directors. Composition of the Committee is as follows:

Mr. Burhan Muhammad Khan Mr. Manzar Us Salam Ms. Sarah Mussaid

Chairman/Member Member Member

#### Meetings of the Board of Directors

During the year under review, four meetings of the Board of Directors of the Company were held and the attendance position is as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of Director	No. of Meetings Attended
1.	Mr. Mussaid Hanif	4
2.	Mr. Burhan Muhammad Khan	4
3.	Mr. Arbab Muhammad Khan	4
4.	Mr. Gauhar Abdul Hai	3
5.	Mr. Manzar Us Salam	4
6.	Ms. Tehniyat Mussaid	4
7	Ms. Sabah Burhan	.4
8	Ms. Sarah Mussaid	1

#### Directors' Statement

In compliance of the Code of Corporate Governance, we give below statements on Corporate and Financial Reporting framework:

- The financial statements, prepared by the management of the Company, present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- 2. Proper books of account of the Company have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of the financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in proparation of financial statements and any departure there from has been adequately disclosed.
- 5. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- 6. There are no significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.

#### Auditors

The present auditors of the Company M/s Azhar Zafar & Company, Chartered Accountants have completed the annual audit for the year ended June 30, 2014, and have issued an unqualified audit

report. The existing auditors will retire on conclusion of the Annual General Meeting of the Company, and being eligible; have offered themselves for reappointment for the year ending June 30, 2015.

The Board has recommended the appointment of M/s Azhar Zafar & Company, Chartered Accountants as auditors for the next year according to the recommendation of Audit Committee, subject to approval of the shareholders in the AGM.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

musail

Mussaid Hanif Chief Executive

Labore September 20, 2014

# Key Operating and Financial Data of Last Six Years

Contraction of the second	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30.	June 30.
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
PROFIT AND LOSS						
Sales	4,199,161	3,840,907	3,135,629	3,573,505	2,663,771	2,601,772
Cost of Sales	3,793,808	3,481,673	2,819,380	3,149,998	2.415.837	2,327,132
Gross Profit	405,353	359,234	316,041	423,507	247,934	274,640
Operating Profit plus other income	281,962	359.468	231,462	331,858	220,676	197,598
Financial & Other charges	193,112	235.684	196,080	217,027	290,054	353,589
Taxation	25,396	8.524	20,462	26,183	3.775	(4,994
Net Profit after tax	68,454	114,261	14,929	88,648	(63,154)	(150,997)
BALANCE SHEET						
Capital	594,287	594.287	594,287	594,287	594,287	594,287
Share subscription money	Andread and a state of the stat	64.160.000	7/10/2015/2015		Side Signal	1.242000
Reserves	65,509	(31,341)	(165,554)	(192,134)	(302, 633)	(263,638
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	419,572	451,216	239,867	260,174	292,733	316,891
Net worth	1,079,368	1,014,163	668,600	662,328	584,387	647,540
Long Term Liabilities	198,760	122,644	74.156	262,255	459,893	694,155
Deferred liabilities	236,179	246,895	125,860	131,124	139,156	149,118
Current Liabilities	1,867,645	1,836,415	2,137,103	2,139.020	2,136,192	1,837,373
Tatal Liabilities	2,292,584	2,405,955	2,337,119	2,532,399	2,735,541	2,680,646
Total Equity & Liabilities	3,371,962	3.420,119	8,005,720	3,194,728	3,319,928	3,328,186
Fixed Assete	1,927,075	2,013,546	1,747,742	1,897,172	1,972,905	2,129,639
Capital Work in Progress		58,840	111	2.2		10 A.
Long Term Deposits	7,873	3,299	3,004	3,004	3,066	2,712
Current Assets	1,437,004	1,044,403	1,254,973	1,294,651	1.344,057	1, 195, 835
Total Assets	3,371,952	3,420,119	3,005,720	3,194,728	3,319,928	3,328,186
INVESTOR INFORMATION						
Break up value per share (Rs.)	18.16	17.07	11.25	11.14	9.83	10.90
Banas/Cash dividenti (Rs. In '000)			¥1	1		
Earning Per Share (Re.)	1.07	1.92	0.25	1.49	(1.06)	(2,54)
Retarn on Equity (%)	5.88	11.27	2.23	13.35	(10.81)	(23.32
Return on Assets (%)	1.88	9.34	0.50	2.77	(1.90)	(4.54
FINANCIAL RATIOS						
Gross Margin (%)	9.65	9.35	80.03	11,85	9.01	10.56
Net Margin (%)	1.51	2 97	0.48	2.45	(2.37)	(5.80
Current Ratio	0.77	0.73	0.59	0.61	0.63	0.65
Leverage	1.63	1 85	2.98	3.25	3.80	
1.11. A.C.1.01770	1.03	1.00	- 64 - 10 Mar	10.600	0.00	3.57

# Horizontal Analysis (Rupees in Million)

	2014	Variance vs Last Year Increase/ (Decrease)	2013	Variance #a Last Year Increase (Decrease)	2012	Variance va Last Year Increase/ (Decrease)	2011	Variance vs Last Year Increase (Decrease)	2010
Operating Results									
Sales + not	4.199.16	9,33	3,840.91	23.49	3,135.63	(12.25)	8,573.50	84.15	2,663,77
Cost of sales	3,793.81	8.97	3,491.67	23.48	2,819,59		3,150.00		2,415.84
Gross Profit	405.35	2.84	359.23	15 37	316.04		423.51	70.81	247.93
Distribution cost	76,65	13.077	79.08	10.51	71.56	the second se	63.27		55.92
Administrative expenses	52.18	(16.54)	82.52	19.17	52,47		33.48		31.60
Other operating expenses	8,80	22.35	5.56	58.16	3.52		8.68		2.96
Pinnetial cost	193.11	()8.41)	236.68	20.71	196.08	the second se	217.03		280.05
Other operating income-	12.25	(91.69)	147.40	243-08	43.96		13.67	(78.37)	63.22
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	88.95	(27:64)	122.78	217.03	35.38		114.83	the Second second	(59.38
Prevation for togetion	25.40	197.05	8.52	(58.32)	20.45	the standard	26.18		3.77
Profit/(Loss) for the year	63.45	61(147)	114.26	665.36	4.93		88.66		(63.15
Balance Sheet		11						11.	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS									
Property, plant and equipment.	1,927.08	14.29	2.013.55	15.21	1,747.74	03.80	1,817.84	(7.90)	1,971.66
Capita) work in progress	+	(180.00)	55.84	19761	4, (94). 19	(100.00)	79.33		1.18
Long term deposits	7.87	138.61	3.30	9.81	3.00		3.00		3.07
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	1,934.95	3782	2.075,68	18,56	1,760.75		1,900,18		1,975.87
CURRENT ASSETS				16/00					
Shares, spare parts and loose bools	107.73	2.30	105.10	10.54	95.08		71.33	(0.85)	71.93
Sbock in trade	732.05	9.24	670.16	(7.10)	721.38		670.97	6.96	627.30
Trade delits	335.29	2.72	329.32	32.89	247.81	(17,35)	299.84	(5.50)	317.27
Loans and advances	28.10	(15, 58)	43.62	22.62	35.58	to a fact that we do not have been a fact that the second s	60.37	164,68	170.91
Trade deposits and short term prepayment	the second se	24.40	100.58	44.19	69.47	and the second se	86.64	17.07	74.01
Other receivables	14.84	15.22	12.77	(22.71)	16.52	a contract of the second s	24,33	(165.07)	71.72
Invistments	10.64	(73,64)	40.31	(29.63)	67.28	the second descent of the	59.32	1,911,49	2,95
Cash and bank bulances	80.73	87.85	42,97	262.21	11.84		21.74	172.85	7.97
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1,437.00	-98.6	1,344.43	2.13	1,254.97		1,294.55	63.68)	1,344.06
TOTAL ASSETS	3,371.95	0.46	3,420.12	\$3.79	3,065.72	(6.92)	3,194.73	(3.77)	3,319.93
CURRENT LIABILITIES	-						- 22		10
Trade and other payables	302.33	0.23	279.34	28.05	217.29	a second s	249.27	(38.50	374.84
Accrued mark-up	243.93	22.15	199.70	(4,57)	209.27	(4.84)	219,92	56,57	140.46
Short term borrowings	954.37	182,01	963.81	(7.04)	1,036.48	the second second second second second second	1,138.42	(11,42)	1,283.69
Current partise of long term financing	357.02	(9.29)	393.67	(41.61)	674.06		531.41	57,45	337.50
TOTAL CURBENT LIABILITIES	1,857.64	4.6	1,836.42	(14.07)	2,137.19	the second s	2,139.02	0,12	2,136.49
WORKING CAPITAL	(420.64)		(491.98)	(44.23)	(882.13		(844.47		(792.44
TOTAL CAPITAL EMPLOYED	1,514.31	(4.38)	1,583.70	82.32	868.62	(17.72)	1,865.71	(10.79)	1,183.44
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.1015	11	1.1
long turm financing	198.76	(35,400)	322.64	545,00	74.16	(71,72)	262,26	312,97)	459.89
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease							.t		
Deferred lightliftes	236.18	(4.34)	246.90	96.17	125.85	(4.01)	131.12	(3,77)	139.16
TOTAL NON- CURRENT LIABILITIES	434.94	(23,63)	569.64	184.75	800.02		393,38		599.05
NET WORTH	1,079.37	6.43	1,014.16	61.68	668.60	0.85	662,33	13,34	584.39
NET WORTH REPRESENTED BY	1,010.01	0.10	1014/10	01,05	100'00	1.00	004,00	10,04	0114, 18
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital	594.29		594.29		594.29		594.28	-	594.29
Accumulated loss	65.61	6000020	(31.34)	(81.07)	(165.55	the second division of	(192.13)	and the second se	(302.63
Surplus on revolution of	00.01	0000004	30 + 64	450.017	1100/04	(Jacob)	4170.10	1999.010	1004-00
property, plant and equipment	419.67	0.00	451.22	88.11	239.87	67.810	260.17	(11,12)	292 73
a - 19 14060)	1,079.37	5.42	1,014.15	51,68	668.60		662,33		584.39
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,371.95	(1.40	3,420.12	18.79	8,005.72		3,194.73		3,319.93

# Vertical Analysis (Rupees in Million)

	2014	-86	2013	55	2012	26	2011	36.	2010	1.56
Operating Results	in section and a	11.5.7						-		
Sales - not	4,199.16	160.60	3,840.91	100.00	3,135,63	100.00	8,573.50	100.00	2,663.77	100.33
Cost of sales	8,793.81	90.35	3,481,67	90.65	2.819.59	99.92	8,150.00	88.15	2,415.84	90.69
Gress Profit	405.35	9.65	359.23	9.35	316.04	10.09	423.51	11.85	247.93	9.31
Distribution cost	76,65	1.83	79.08	2.66	71.56	2.28	63.27	1.77	55.92	2.10
Administrative expenses	52.18	1.24	62.52	1.63	52.47	1.67	33,48	0.94	31.60	1.19
Other operating expenses	6.80	0.16	5.56	0.14	0.52	0.11	8.58	0.24	2.96	0.11
Pinancial cost	193,11	1,60	236.68	6.16	196.08	6.25	217.03	6.07	280.05	10.51
Other aparating income	1.2.25	北的	147.40	3.84	42.96	1.25	13.67	0.38	63.22	2.33
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	88.85	2,12	122.78	3.20	35.38	1.16	114.88	3.21	(59.38)	(2.23)
Provision for spontion	25.40	0,60	8.62	0.22	20.45	0.65	26.18	4.73	3.77	0.14
Profit/(Loss) for the year	63.45	1.51	114.26	2.97	14.08	0.48	88.65	2.48	(63, 15)	(2,37)
Balance Sheet NON-CURRENT ASSETS	and the second second	_		-				_		
Property, plant and againment	1,927.08	67:10	2,013.55	58.87	1.747.74	56.15	1,817.84	56.90	1,971.66	59.39
Capital work in progress	-		58.84	1.72			79.33	2.48	1.15	0.03
Long term deposits	7.87	0.23	3.20	0.10	3.00	0.13	3.00	0.00	3.07	93.0
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	1,904.95	57.38	2,076.68	60.69	1,755,75	58.25	1,900.18	19.48	1,976.87	59.52
CURRENT ASSETS				porer.		011140	1,000,000	11.27.417	Gamer	
Stores, spare parts and loose tools	107.73	3.19	105.10	3.67	95.09	3.16	71.33	3 23	71.93	2.17
Black in trade	782.05	21.71	670.16	19.59	721.38	24.00	670.97	21.00	627.30	18 99
Trade debts	338.29	10.03	329.32	9.63	247.81	8.24	299.84	9.39	317.27	9.56
Loans and advances	28,10	0.83	43.82	1.28	35,58	1.3	60.37	1.99	170.91	6 15
Trade deposits and short	40120	0.00	40.02	11412	01.00	Log	005.01	1.00	178.31	0.13
term prepayments	124.62	3.73	100.18	2.83	63.47	3 81	86.64	2.71	74.01	2.23
Other receivables	14.54	0.44	12.77	0.37	19.83	0.55	24.33	0.76	71.72	2.15
Investments	10.64	0.32	40.31	1.18	67.28	7.93	59.32	1.86	2.95	0.00
Cash and bank halances	80.73	2.39	42.97	1,26	11.84	.11.39	21.74	0.69	7.97	0.24
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1,437.00	42.62	1,344.43	39,31	1,254.97	41.75	1,294.55	40.52	1,344.06	46.48
TOTAL ASSETS	3,371.95	100,00	3,420.12	100.00	3,005.72	100.00	3,194.73	102.03	3,319.93	105.00
CURRENT LIABILITIES	Uniter cet		241100000	000000	The second	Contraction of		il version.	na production de la companya de la c	
Trade and other payables	302.33	8.97	279.34	8.17	217.29	7.23	249.27	7.80	374.84	11.29
Accrued mark-up	243.93	7.23	199.70	5.81	209.27	6.96	219.92	6.88	140.46	4.23
Short term borrowings	954.37	28.30	968.81	28.18	1.036.48	34.48	1,138.42	35.63	1,283.69	38.67
Correct portion of long	1000	and the second second	222420033201	035-93	Proprietore Se	4752230A.M	VI 63 864 12873	15025	manage 649 / /	and a second
term Enoncing	357.02	20.69	898.57	11.31	674.06	22.43	531.41	19,63	337.50	10,17
TOTAL CURRENT		A. 10		20.00	0.100.10					
LIABILITIES	1,857.64	- 65.09	1,636.42	53.69	2,137,10	71.10	2,139.02	69.95	2,136.49	64,36
WORKING CAPITAL	(420.64)	1.2.451	(491,98)	(14.36)	(982.13)	(20, 35)	(844.47)	126 431	(792.44)	(33.87)
TOTAL CAPITAL RMPLOYED NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,514.31	.44.81	1,583.70	:0.31	868.62	26.90	1,055.71	33.05	1,183.44	45.66
President and and a second state of the	100.00		0.005 - 5 - 4	1.15	71.10				150.00	15.25
Loog term financing Liabilities against asserts	198.76	3.80	322.64	8.43	74.16	2.47	262.26	8,21	459.89	13.65
subject to finance lease	-		84	14		1.5	2÷		6	
Deterred liabilities	236.18	7.00	246.90	7.22	126.86	4.19	131.12	4.10	139.16	4.19
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	434.94	12.90	569.54	16.65	200.02	6.65	393.38	12.33	599.05	18.04
NET WORTH	1,079.37	32.61	1,014.16	29,65	668.60	22.24	662.33	20.73	584.39	17.60
NET WORTH REPRESENTED BY			1000152-2							1.1.01200
Issued, subserified and	-E04-202	17.44	EQ.1 PD	17.00	201.00	10-22	504.00	10.00	504.00	17.00
paid-up capital	594.29	17.62	594.29	17.38	594.29	19.77	594.29	18.60	594.29	7.90
Accumulated loss	63.51	1.94	(31,34)	(0.82)	(185,55)	(5,51)	(192.13)	(6.01)	(302.63)	(9.12)
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	\$19.67	12.44	451.22	13.19	239.47	7.99	260.17	8,14	292.73	8.82
	1,079.37	32 01	1,014.16	29,65	668.63	22.24	662.33	50.78	584,39	17.60
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,371.95	100.00	3,420.12	303.00	3,065.72	100.00	3,194.73	100.00	3,319.93	100.00

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# Form 34 Pattern of Share Holding AS ON JUNE 30, 2014

Number of shareholders	Form	Shareholding To	Total shares held
52	1	100	818
155	101	500	76484
78	501	1000	77199
155	1001	5000	435659
39	5001	10000	339988
20	10001	15000	247155
18	15001	20000	336439
13	20001	25600	305000
6	25001	30000	172500
1	30001	35000	31500
3	35001	40000	112000
2	40001	45000	85000
4	45001	50000	197500
	-50001	55000	52000
1	55001	60000	59500
1	65001	70000	68000
1	70001	75000	75000
1	75001	80000	78500
1	85001	90080	90000
0.4	95001	108060	396000
1	100001	105000	102000
1	125001	130000	129000
3	135001	140000	414500
1	145001	150000	150000
1	155001	160000	160000
1	180001	185000	185000
1	195001	200000	200000
1	200001	205000	201000
1	530001	635000	532000
1	1560001	1565000	1561000
1	2165001	2170000	2166800
1	2465001	2470000	2465300
1	2855001	2880000	2857300
1	4295001	4300000	4296556
1	4400001	4405000	4403151
1	4430001	4435000	4433151
1	15105001	15110000	15109364
1	16820001	16825000	16823365
576		and the second second second	59428729

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# Categories of Shareholders AS ON JUNE 30, 2014

	Shareholder's category	No. of shareholders	Shares held	Percentage
1	Directors, Chief Executive Officer and their spouses and minor children			
	Mr. Mussaid Hanif	1	21,226,516	35.7176
	Mr. Burhan Muhammad Kean	1	19,542,515	32.8840
	Mr. Arbab Muhammad Khan	1	2,857,300	4.8079
	Mr. Syrd Manzar Us Salam	1	97,000	0.1632
	Ms. Tchniyat Mussaid	1 1	4,026,300	6.7750
	Ma. Sahah Burban	4	2,698,800	4.6412
	Ms. Sarah Mussaid	1	50,000	0.0841
	Total	7	50,498,431	84.97
2	Banks, Development Financial Institutions Non-Banking Financial Institutions	1	4,296,556	7.23
3	General public - Local	549	1.283,242	7.21
4	General public - Foreign	7	36,000	0.06
5	Others	12	314,500	0.53
	Total	669	8,930,298	15.03
	GRAND TOTAL	576	59,428,729	100

ZEPHYR

# Statement of Value Addition

	2014		2013	1
WEALTH GENERATED			Party and the Party of the	
Sales Revenue Other Income	4,199,161,232 12,246,259		3,840,907,094 147,399,457	
	4,211,407,491		0,988,306,551	
Less Material & Services				
Material & Factory Costs	3.417,109,847		8,168,896,733	12
Administrative Costs	29,932,336		40.252,299	25
Distribution Costs	67,711,173		77.078,471	12
	3,514,753,357		3,286,227,503	
	696,654,134	100	702,079,048	100
WEALTH DISTRIBUTED				
To Employees				
Salaries & Benefits	241,292,769	34.64%	195,586,705	27.85%
To Government	CONTRACTOR AND CONTRACTOR		2000-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-00	200004-0124
Tux	25,395,791	3.65%	5,523,549	1.21%
Worker Profit Participation Fami	4,127,192	0.59%	10 M	0.00%
Worker Welfare Fund	1,813,258	0.26%		0.00%
To Providers of Capital				
Dividends to Share Holders				
Mark Up/Interest on Borrowed Funds	193,112,234	27.72%	236,653,809	33.71%
To Poviders for Maintonance & Expansion of Assets				
Depreciation	167,459,038	24.04%	147,075,088	20.95%
Profit Retained	63,453,852	9.11%	114,260,897	16.27%
	696,654,134	and the course	702,079,048	

Distribution of wealth 2014





- To Covernment
- To Providers of Capital
- To Poviders for Maintenance & Expansion of Assets

Distribution of wealth 2013





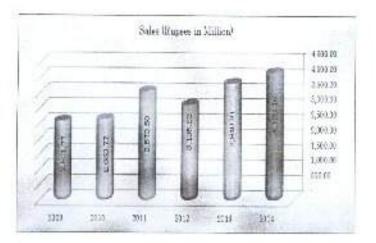
= To Employees

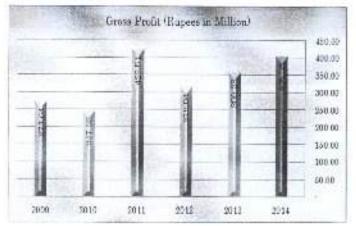
To Government

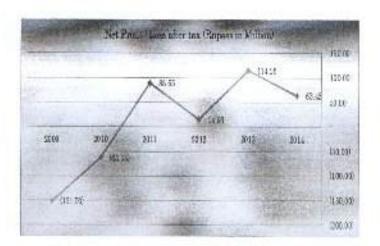
= To Providers of Capital

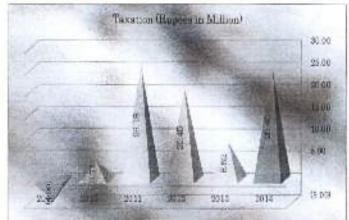
 To Poviders for Maintenance & Expansion of Assets

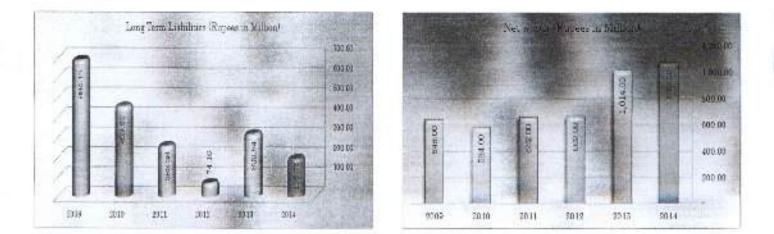
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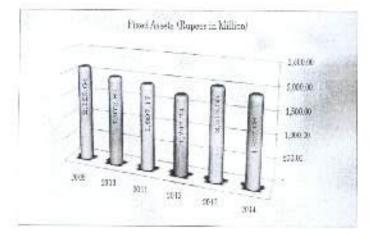


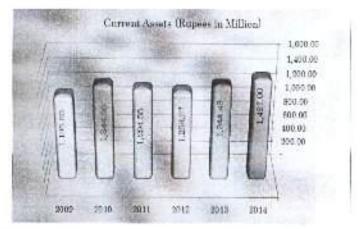


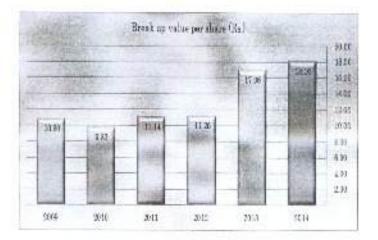
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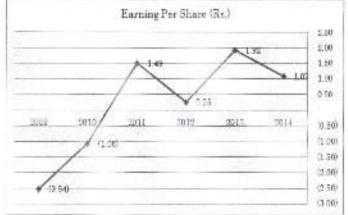
14

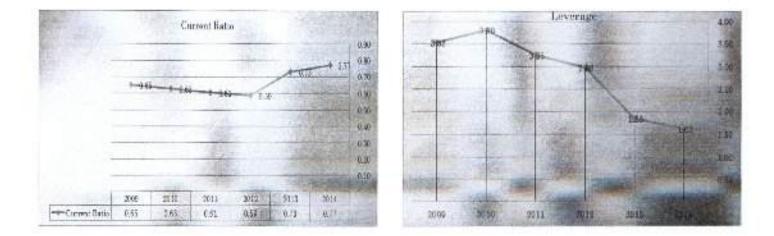
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# Statement of Compliance with Code of Corporate Governance FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance contained in Regulations No.35 of Listing Regulations of the Karachi Stock Exchange. Chapter XIII of Listing Regulations of the Labore Stock Exchange and chapter XI of Listing Regulations of the Islamabad Stock Exchange for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practice of corporate governance.

The company has applied the principles contained in the CCG in the following manner:

The company encourages representation of non-executive directors and executive directors representing minority interests on its Board of Directors. At present the Board includes :

Category	Names
Executive Directors	Musseid Hanif (CEO) Burhan Muhammed Khan Syed Manzar Us Salam
Non- Executive Directors	Arbab Muhammad Khan Tehniat Mussaid Salarh Burhan Sarah Mussaid

The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than Seven listed companies, including this company.

All the resident directors of the company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBO or, being a member of stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.

A Casual vacancy occurred on the Board was filled up by directors on the same day.

The company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.

The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.

All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO, other executive and non-executive directors, have been taken by the board.

The meetings of the board were presided over by the CEO and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose and the board met at least once in every quarter, written notices of the board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the nectings were appropriately recorded and circulated

The board arranged in -house training program for its directors during the year.

The directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the CCG and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.

The financial statements of the company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the board.

The directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.

The company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the CCG.

The board has formed an audit committee. It comprises 03 members, who are non-executive directors

The meetings of the Audit Commutee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the company and as required by the CCG. The terms of reference of the Committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.

The board has farmed an HR and Remaneration committee. It comprises 03 members, of whom one is non-executive director while two are Executive directors.

The Board has set up an effective internal audit function and the persons involved are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company.

The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review programme of the ICAP, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.

The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IF AC guidelines in this regard.

The 'closed period', prior to the announcement of interm/final results, and business decisions, which may materially affect the market price of company's securities, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and stock exchange(s).

Material/Price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchange(s).

We confirm that all other material principles enshrined in the CCG have been complied with except certification of a director under Directors' Training Programme (DTP) by the end of financial year: however efforts would be made attain certification by the end of next accounting Year.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

margarel

Lahore September 20, 2014

# Mussaid Hanif Chief Executive

# Review Report to the Members on Statement of Compliance with Best Practices of Code of Corporate Governance

We have reviewed the Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance prepared by the Board of Directors of Zephyr Textiles Limited (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2014, to romply with the Listing Regulations of the respective Stock Exchanges, where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance and report if it does not. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of financial statements, we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

Further, Listing Regulations of the Karachi and Labore Stock Exchanges require the Company to place before the Board of Directors for their Consideration and approval related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. Further, all such transactions are also required to be separately placed before the audit committee. We are only required and have ensured compliance of requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the Board of Directors and placement of such transactions before the audit committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Lahore Azhar Zafar & Co. Chartered Accountants Engagement Partner: Zafar Iqbal

# Auditors' Report to the Members

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of Zephyr Textiles Limited (the Company') as at June 30, 2014 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- a) in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- b) in our opinion:
  - i) the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied:
  - ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
  - iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;
- c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2014 and of the profit, its comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- d) in our opinion, Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under Section 7 of that Ordinance.

Lahore Dated: September 20, 2014

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Azhar Zafar & Co. Chartered Accountants Engagement Partner: Zafar Iqbal

# Balance Sheet AS AT JUNE 30,2014

	Note	2014 (Rupees)	2013 (Rupees)
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital and reserves			
Authorized capital			
62,500,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 150 each		625,000,000	625,000,000
Issaed, subscribed and paid up share capital	6	594,287,290	594,287,290
Accumulated profit/Goss)		65,509,200	(31,340,606)
Total equity		659,796,490	562,946,784
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	7	419,571,578	451,216,268
Liabilities			
Non-current.			
Long term financing	8	198,760,316	322,644,260
Deferred liabilities	10	236,178,839	246.895,118
Total non-current liabilities		434,939,155	569,539,378
Current			
Trade and other payables	11	302,325,867	279,335,226
Accrued marktap	12	243,929,877	199,695,886
Short term borrowings	13	954,372,343	963,810,392
Carrent portion of long term borrowings	9	357,016,428	393,573,971
Total current liabilities		1,857,644,515	1,836,415,475
Contingencies and commitments	14	1	
Total liabilities		2,292,583,670	2,405,954,853
Total equity and liabilities		3,371,951,738	3,420,117,905
Assets			
Non-current			
Property, plant and equipment	15	1,927,075,074	2,013,545,943
Capital work in progress	16	-	55,839,841
Long term deposits	17	7,872,686	3,299,170
Total non-current assets		1,934,947,760	2.075,684,954
Current			
Stores, spare parts and loose tools		107,728,868	105,104,138
Stock in trade	18	732,051,885	670,156,815
Trade debts	19	338,288,893	329,322,119
Loans and advances	20	28,100,786	43,623,353
Trade deposits, prepayments and balances with statutory authorities	21	124,617,184	100,175,002
Other receivables	22	14,843,371	12,772,118
Investments	23	10,643,935	40,311,825
Cash and battk balances	24	80,729,056	42,967,581
Total current assets		1,437,003,978	1,344,432,951
Total assets		3,371,951,738	3,420,117,905

The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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# Profit and Loss Account

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

and the second second second	Note	2014 ( Rupees )	2013 ( Rupees )
Sales - net	25	4,199,161,232	3,840,907,094
Cost of sales	26	(3,793,808,465)	(3,481,673,358)
Gross profit		405,352,767	359,233,736
Distribution cost	27	(76,653,623)	(79,082,161)
Administrative expenses	28	(52, 180, 784)	(62,523,215)
Other operating expenses	29	(6, 802, 742)	(5,569,562)
Operating profit		269,715,618	212,068,798
Other operating income	30	12,246,259	147,399,457
Operating profit before finance cost		281,961,877	359,468,255
Finance cost	31	(193,112,234)	(236,683,809)
Profit before tax		88,849,643	122,784,446
l'axation	32	(25,395,791)	(8,523,549)
Profit after taxation		63,453,852	114,260,897
Earnings per share:			
Basic and diluted earnings per share	33	1.07	1.92

The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements

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CHIEF EXECUTIVE

# Statement of Comprehensive Income FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Note	2014 (Rupees)	2013 (Rupees)
Profit after taxation		63,453,852	114,260,897
Other comprehensive income			
Guin on remeasurement of staff retirement benefit plan	5.1 & 10	1,751,164	÷2
Total comprehensive income for the year		65,205,016	114,260,897

The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Ble DIRECTOR

# Cash Flow Statement

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Note	2014 ( Rapees )	2013 (Rupers)
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	34	400,656,099	381,748,401
Finance cost paid		(118,177,390)	(92,527,845)
Taxes paid		(36,154,618)	(25,096,214)
Staff retirement benefits - gratuity paid		(8, 211, 650)	(5, 292, 400)
Net cash flow from operating activities		238,112,441	258,831,942
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		1,810,000	2,362,524
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(23, 265, 972)	(117,655,622)
Long term deposits		(4,573,516)	(294,723)
Dividends, capital gains and income from investments		83,547	917,993
Short term investments		29,667,890	16,972,391
Net cash flow from investing activities		3,721,949	(97,697,437)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Increase/(decrease) in short term berrowings - net		(9,438,049)	52.331,479
Repayment of long term financing - net		(194,634,866)	(182, 341, 344)
Net cash flow from financing activities		(204,072,915)	(130,009,865)
Net (decrease)/ increase in cash and cash equivalents		37,761,475	31.124,640
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		42,967,581	11,842,941
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year		80,729,056	42,967,581

The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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Bleen DIRECTOR

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CHIEF EXECUTIVE

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# Statement of Changes in Equity FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Share capital (Rupees)	Accumulated [loss (Rupees)	Total equity (Rupses)
564,287,290	(166,553,829)	428,733,461
and a second s	114,260,897	114,260,897
- 2	19,952,426	19,952.426
594,287,290	(31,340,506)	562,946,784
594,287,290	(31,340,506)	662,946,784
3	65,205,016	65,205,016
1	20,743	20,743
	31,623,947	31,623,947
594,287,290	65,509,200	659,796,490
	(Rupeer) 594,287,290 594,287,290 594,287,290	(Rupees) (Rupees) 564,287,290 (166,553,829) - 114,260,897 - 19,952,426 594,287,290 (31,340,506) 594,287,290 (31,340,506) - 65,205,016 - 20,743 - 31,623,947

The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements

mon

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Kles DIRECTOR

#### 1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Zephyr Textiles Limited (the 'Company') was incorporated in Pakistan on February 26, 1999 as a private limited Company under the Companies Ordinance. 1984. Subsequently on October 04, 2004 it was converted into a public limited Company. The Company is principally engaged in the manufacturing, dying and trading of woven cloth which also includes towels. The registered office of the Company is situated at 3rd Ploer, HEP Building, 97B/D-1, Gulberg III, Labore, Punjab and the manufacturing facilities are located at Bhai Pheru and Jumber. The shares of the Company are listed on the Karachi and Labore Stock Exchanges in Pakistan.

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall preval

#### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 3.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for each flow information and the following:

- staff retirement benefits which are measured at present value of defined benefit addigation plus/Gess) any unrecognized actuarial gains/(unrecognized actuarial bases and wast service cost) (refer note 5.1);
- free hold land, buildings and plant & machinery which are measured at revalued amount (refer note 5.2); and
- financial assets and financial liabilities which are measured at fair value (refer note 5.11).

#### 3.2 Amendments to published approved standards that are effective in current year but not relevant to the Company

There are other amendments to the published approved standards that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after July 01, 2013 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant impact on the Company's financial statements and are therefore not detailed in these financial statements.

#### 3.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved standards that are not yet effective and not considered relevant to the Company

There are other standards, amendments to published approved standards and new interpretations that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after July 01, 2014 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant impact on the Company's financial statements and are therefore not detailed in these financial statements.

#### 3.4 Standards and amendments to published approved standards that are not yet effective but relevant to the Company

Following standards and amendments to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for the Company's accounting periods beginning on or after July 01, 2014 or inter periods. IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after Jammary 01, 2015). It addresses the classification, measurement and recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. This is the first part of a new standard on classification and measurement of financial assets and financial habilities that shall replace IAS 39 'Financial Instruments' Recognition and Measurement'. IFRS 9 has two measurement categories' amortized cost and fair value. All equity instruments are measured at fair value. A debt instrument is measurement categories' amortized cost and fair value. All equity instruments are measured at fair value. A debt instrument is measured at amortized cost only if the entity is holding it to collect contractual cash flows and the cash flows represent principal and interest. For liabilities, with bifurcation of embedded derivatives. The main change is that, in cases where the fair value option is taken for financial liabilities, the part of a fair value change due to an entity's own credit risk is recorded in other comprehensive income rather than the income statement, unless this creates an accounting mismatch. This change shall mainly affect financial institutions. There shall be no impact on the Company's accounting for financial liabilities, as the new requirements only affect the accounting for financial liabilities that are designated at fair value through profit or loss, and the Company does not have any such liabilities.

Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 27 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2014) provide 'investment entities' an exemption from the consolidation of particular subsidiaries and instead require that an investment entity measure the investment in each eligible subsidiary at fair value through profit or loss: requires additional disclosures; and require an investment entity to account for its investment in a relevant subsidiary in the same way in its consolidated and separate financial statements. The management of the Company is in the process of evaluating the impacts of the aforesaid amendments on the Company's financial statements.

IAS 36 lamendments' Impairment of Assets' (effective for nonnal periods beginning on or after January 01, 2014). Amendments have been made in IAS 36 to reduce the circumstances in which the recoverable amount of assets or cash-generating units is required to be disclosed, clarify the disclosures required and to introduce an explicit requirement to disclose the discount rate used in determining impairment for revenues) where recoverable amount thused on fair value less costs of disposal) is determined using a present value technique. However, the amendments are not expected to have a material imput, on the Company's financial statements.

The management anticipates that the adoption of the above standards, amendments and interpretations in future periods, will have no material impact on the financial statements other than the impact of presentation/disclosures. The Company is yet to assess the full impact of the amendments.

#### 3.5 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. All financial information presented in Pak Rupees have been rounded to the nearest supce.

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. These estimates and underlying assumptions are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. Following are the significant estimates and judgments made by the management:

#### 4.1 Useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment

The Company reviews the useful lives of property, plant and equipment on a regular basis. Any change in the estimates in the future years might affect the carrying amount of the respective items of property, plant and equipment with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and unpartment. Revaluation is carried with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amounts of assets does not differ materially from the fair value.

#### 4.2 Staff retirement benefits

Certain actuarial assumptions have been adopted as disclosed in note 5.1 to the financial statements for the valuation of present value of defined henefit obligation. Any changes in these assumptions in future years might affect unrecognized gains and losses in those years.

#### 4.3 Income taxes

The Company takes into account the current income tax law and decisions taken by appellate authorities. Instances where the Company's view differs from the view taken by the income tax department at the assessment stage and where the Company considers that its view on items of material nature is in accordance with law, the amounts are shown as contingent labilities.

#### 4.4 Stock in trade and stores, spare parts and loose tools

The Company reviews the net realizable value (NRV) and impairment of stock in trade and stores, spare parts and loose tools to assess any diminution in the respecting carrying values and whenever required provisions for NRV impairment is made.

#### 5. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 5.1 Staff retirement benefits

#### Defined benefit plan \_ gratuity

The Company operates an unfumled grataity scheme (defined benefit plan) covering all eligible employees, payable at the constant of employment. Contribution is made in accordance with actuarial coordinated details of which are given in note 10 to the financial statements. The obligation at the balance sheet date is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows. All contributions are charged to profit or loss for the year.

Consequent to the revision of IAS 19 'Employee Benefits' CAS 19) which is effective for annual periods beginning or on after January 01, 2013, the Company has changed its accounting policy wherein, the actuarial gains and losses (remeasurement gaine/losses) on employees' retirement benefit plan is recognized immediately in other comprehensive income and past service cost is recognized in profit and loss when they occur. Previously, the actuarial gains/losses in

excess of the corridor limit were recognized in profit or loss over the remaining service life of the employees where as past service cost was recognized in profit and loss on a straight line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested. In arrordance with the transitional provisions of IAS 19, the change in accounting policy has been accounted for retrospectively and the comparative figures have thereby been restated. The adoption of above accounting policy has no effect on the cash flow statement.

Principal actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial valuation carried out as at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Discount rate Expected rate of salary increase in future Average expected remaining working life time of employees. 12% (2013: 10.50%) 11 % (2013: 9.5%) 6 years (2013: 5 years)

#### 5.2 Property, plant and equipment

#### - Owned assets

Property, plant and equipment are initially recognized at acquisition cost. Subsequently, property, plant and equipment, except for free hold land, building on free - hold land and plant & machinery are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Free - hold land, building on free - hold land, building on free - hold land and plant & machinery are stated at revalued amounts less subsequently accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any.

Cost of property, plant and equipment consists of historical cost, borrowing costs pertaining to the erotion and other directly attributable costs of bringing the assets to their working condition or for commencement of commercial production.

Depreciation on all the stems of property, plant and equipment except for free - hold land is charged to income applying the reducing balance method at the rates specified in Note 15.

Depreciation on additions to property, plant and equipment is charged from the month in which asset become available foruse, while on disposals depreciation is charged up to the month of disposal.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each financial year end, and adjusted if impact on depreciation is significant.

Gain/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is credited or charged to income in the year of disposal. Normal repairs and maintenance are charged to income as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized.

Any surplus arising on revaluation of property, plant and equipment is credited to the surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment account. Revaluation is carried with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount of assets does not differ materially from the fair value. To the extent of incremental depreciation charged on the revalued assets, the related surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment (net of deferred tax) is transferred directly to accumulated "does/profit."

#### 5.3 Investments

Classification of an investment is made on the basis of intended purpose for holding such investment. Management determines the appropriate classification of its investments at the time of purchase and re-evaluates such designation on regular basis.

Investments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs directly attributable to acquisition, except for 'Investment at fair value through profit or loss' which is initially measured at fair value.

The Company essesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that investments are impaired. If any such evidence exists, the Company applies the provisions of IAS 39 'Financial Instruments' Recognition and Measurement' to all investments.

#### Investment at fair value through profit and loss

Investments classified as held for trading and those designated as such are included in this category. Investments are classified as held for trading if these are acquired for the purpose of selling in the short term. Gains or losses on investments held for trading are recognized in profit and loss account. -34

# Notes to the Financial Statements FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### Held-to-maturity

investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity are classified as held-tormaturity when the Company has the positive intention and ability in hold to maturity. Investments intended to be held for an undefined period are not included in this classification. Other long term investments that are intended to be held to maturity are subsequently measured at amortized cost. This cost is computed as the amount mitially recognized minus grineipal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization, using the effective interest method, of any difference between the initially recognized amount and the maturity amount. For investments carried at amortized cost, gains and losses are recognized in profit and loss account when the investments are deprecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process.

#### Available-for-sale

Investments intended to be held for an indefinite period of time, which may be sold in response to need for liquidity, or changes to interest rates or equity prices are classified as available for sale. After initial recognition, investments which are classified as available for sale are measured at fair value. Gains or losses on available for sale investments are recognized directly in statement of other comprehensive moome until the investment is sold, de recognized or is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in statement of other comprehensive income is included in profit and loss account. These are sub-categorized as under:

#### a) Quoted

For investments that are actively traded in organized capital markets, fair value is determined by reference to stock exchange quoted market hids at the close of business on the balance sheet date. Fair value of investments in open end mutual faulds is determined using redemption price.

#### b) Unquoted

Fair value of unquoted investments is determined on the basis of appropriate valuation techniques as allowed by IAS 39.' Financial Instruments-Recognition and Measurement'.

#### 5.4 Stores, spare parts and loose tools

Uscable stores, spare parts and toose tools are valued principally at lower of moving average cost, or net realizable value (NRV), while items considered obsolete are carried at nil value. Goods in transit are stated at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges paid thereon.

#### 5.5 Stock in trade

Stock in trade is valued at lower of cost and net realizable value (NRV), except waste which is valued at net realizable value. Materials in transit are stated at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges paid thereon. Cost of major components of stock in trade is determined as follows:-

Raw material	at weighted average cost
Work in process and finished goods	<ul> <li>at prone cost plus appropriate production overheads determined on weighted average basis.</li> </ul>

Not realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less costs necessarily to be incurred to make the sale.

#### 5.6 Trade and other receivables

Trade debts and other receivables are carried at original invoice value less an estimate made for doubtful debts based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the year end. Bad debts are written off when identified.

#### 5.7 Non-current assets (or disposal groups) held for sale

Non-current usants (or disposal groups) are classified as assets held for sale when their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction and a sale is considered highly probable. They are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

#### 5.8 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value and are subsequently stated at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds and the redemption value is recognized in the profit and less account over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

#### 5.9 Borrowing cost

Interest, mark-up and other charges on long-term finances are capitalized up to the date of commissioning of respective qualifying assets acquired out of the proceeds of such long-term finances. All other interest, mark-up and other charges are recognized in profit and loss account.

#### 5.10 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts psychic are initially recognized at fair value, which is normally the transaction cost.

#### **5.11** Financial instruments

Financial instruments carried on the balance sheet include investments, deposits, trade debts, loans and advances, other receivables, cash and bank balances, long term financing, short term horrowings, accrued mark up and trade and other payables etc. Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of instruments. Initial recognition is made at fair value plus transaction costs directly attributable to acquisition, except for 'financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss' which are initially measured at fair value.

Financial assets are derecognized when the Company loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial asset. The Company loses such control if it realizes the rights to benefits specified in contract, the rights expire or the Company surrenders those rights. Financial liabilities are deprecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on subsequent measurement (except available for sale investments) and deprecognizion is charged to the profit or loss currently. The particular measurement methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

#### 5.12 Capital work in progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less impairment, if any. Cost of property plant and equipment consists of historical cost, borrowing costs pertaining to the erection/construction period and other directly attributable costs of bringing the assets to their working condition or for commencement of commercial production. All expenditure connected with specific assets incurred during installation and construction period are carried under capital work in progress. These are transferred to specific assets as and when these assets are available for use.

#### 5.13 Foreign currency translation

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupces, which is the Company's functional currency. All monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupces at the rates of exchange prevailing at the halance sheet date, while the transactions in foreign currencies during the year are initially recorded in functional currency at the rates of exchange prevailing at the transaction date. All non-monetary items are translated into Pak Rupces at exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction or on the date when fair values are determined. Exchange gams and losses are recorded in the profit and loss account.

#### 5.14 Revenue recognition

Revenue from different sources is recognized as under-

Export sales are accounted for on shipment basis. Local cales are recorded on dispatch of goods to customers. Export rebates are accounted for on accrual basis. Investment and interest income is recognized on time proportion basis. Dividend income on ordinary shares is recognized when the right to receive dividend has been established. Capital gains or losses arising on sale of investments are taken to income in the period in which they arise. Rebate income is recognized on accrual basis.

#### 5.15 Taxation

Current

Provision for current tax is based on the taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation of income. The charge for current tax is calculated using prevailing tax rates or tax rates expected to apply to the profit for the year, if enacted. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for tax made in previous years arising from assessments framed during the year for such years.

#### Deferred

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet liability method for all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between tax bases of assets and babilities and their carrying amount for financial reporting purposes. In this regard the effects on deferred taxation of the portion of income subject to final tax regime is also considered in accordance with the requirement of "Technical Release - 27" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.

Deferred income tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences and carry forward of unused tax lesses, if any, to the extent finat it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which such temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all major taxable temporary differences.

Defirred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been courted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is charged or credited to the income statements, except in the case of items credited or charged to equity in which case it is included in equity.

#### ö.16 Impairment

#### Financial assets

A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicate that one or more events had a negative effect on the estimated future rash flows of that asset.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortized cost is calculated as a difference between its carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. An impairment loss in respect of available for sale financial asset is calculated with reference to its current fair value.

Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics.

#### Non financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determined whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of such asset is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit and loss account. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determined the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in profit and loss account.

#### 5.17 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that out flow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. However, provisions are reviewed at each halance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

#### 5.18 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, cash at banks on current, saving and deposit accounts and other shortterm highly liquid instruments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cush and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in values.

#### 5.19 Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties are priced on arm's length basis. Prices for these transactions are determined on the basis of comparable uncontrolled price method, which sets the price by reference to comparable goods and services sold in an economically comparable market to a buyer unrelated to the seller.

#### 5.20 Dividend and other appropriations

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are doclared and other appropriations are recognized in the period in which these are approved by the Board of Directors.

ISSU	JED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP SHARE	CAPITAL		(Rupesa)	(Rupers)
	inary shares of Rs. 10 each fully	Gartin			
	up in cash	51,900,883	51,900,883	519,008,830	519,008,8;
Ordi	mary shares of Rs. 10 each issued		201203010000	010,000,000	seeatonotor
as fu	tlly paid bonus shares	7,527,846	7.527.846	75,278,460	75,278,40
_		59,428,729	59,428,729	594,287,290	594,287,25
SUR	PLUS ON REVALUATION OF PROPERTY.	PLANT AND ROUIPME	(NP	14 M. P.	
			7.1		
	dus arising on revaluation	614,549,102	663,233,2		
Less Deferred tax arising on surplus on revolution 7.2				194,977,524	212,016,9
				419,571,578	451,216,20
7.1	Surplus on revaluation of property	y plant and equipment	16		
	Opening surplus on revaluation of proj	perty plant and equipm	ent.	663,233,241	338,392,64
_	Surplus arising on rovaluation			1	355,536,77
				663,233,241	693,929,28
	Incremental depreciation on 1				
	Plant and machinery			(37, 944, 033)	(26, 037, 732)
	Building			(10,708,193)	(4,658,30
				(48,652,226)	(30.696,04
	Adjustment on disposal of property, pla	inf and equipment		(31,913)	
_				(48,684,139)	(30,696,04
				614,549,102	663.233,24

This represents surplus over book value resulting from the revalitation of free - hold land, buildings on free - hold land and plant and machinery. The valuation was carried out by independent valuer as on March 31, 2013 considering the market value.

15		194,977,524	212,016,973
(h)	Tax effect on incremental depreciation	(17,039,449)	(10,743,614)
	Deferred tax relating to surplus arising on revaluation		124,234.865
	Relating deferred tax liability as on July 1, 2013	212,016,973	98,525,722
7.2	Relating deforred tax liability		

#### 8. LONG TERM FINANCING- SECURED

Famility	Nate	Repayment commencement	Markup	Sepetioned limit (Re. in million)	Number of instalments	8014 (Rupasa)	atti 1 (Rimme)
Demand Finance I BOP	8.1 and 5.2	May-18	3 minuta Kabor	196.780	54 Monthly	149,465,755	196.779.999
Demand Finance - II BOP	8.1 and 8.3	Oct-17	Interest free	204.379	31 Monthly	82,390,227	67.950.247
Subtotal - BOP						231,855,982	264,790,247
Demand Finance - UNBP	8.1	Mar-11	6 Month Kibor - 1.5%	206.595	16 Quarterly	205,956,761	205,956,761
Term Finance - II NBP	8.1	Mar-11	Interest free	98 000	16 Quarterly	70,700,000	70,700,000
Subtatal - NBP						278,656,761	276,656,761
Defected Markup HBL	8.1	Jan-12	Interest free	111.066	18 Monthly		80,817,600
Subtatal - HBL						-	80,817,600
Demand Finance - III ABL	8.1	(D:::-12	6.00%	125,000	18 Monthly	47,264,001	94,513,623
Subtatal - ABL						47,264,001	94,513,623
Total			and we are		578	555,776,744	716,218,231
Current parties	9					(112,203,762)	(2:11,717,480)
Overdue portion	9					(244,812,666)	(161.856,491)
Total current portion						(357,016,428)	(393,578,971)
Total long term portion			5-20-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5	- Andrewski - A		198,760,316	322,644,260

8.1 It represents long term financing from commercial banks (stated above) and the amounts claimed by such institutions. Markup is leviable along with installment (except interest free loans) as per schedule stated above. The loans are secured against first ranking pari passu charge over current and fixed assets of the Company executed through the joint pari passu agreement with the londers of the Company and joint memorandum of deposit of title deeds, equitable mortgage charge on land and personal guarantees of the directors of the Company.

8.2 It represents loan from The Bank of Puppab which has been restructured through out of court amicable settlement on terms agreed between the parties

8.3 It represents restructured loan converted from mark up payable on the facilities from the Bank of Punjab till March 31, 2013. This transaction is a part of amicable out of court settlement as stated in note 8.2 above.

		Note	2014 (Rupces)	2013 (Rupess)
9	CURRENT PORTION OF LONG TERM BORROWINGS			
	Current portion of long term porrowing	8	112,203,762	231,717,480
	Overdue portion of long term borrowing	8	244,812,666	161,856,491
			357,016,428	393,573,971
10	DEFERRED LIABILITIES			
	Deferred tax relating to surplus on revoluation of property, plant and equipment	7	194,977,524	212,016,973
	Employee retirement benefits: gratuity	10.1 to 10.5	41,201,315	34,878,145
			236,178,839	246,895,118

10.1 The scheme provides for gratuity benefits for all the permanent employees of the Company who attain the minimum qualifying period of one year. Provision has been made on the basis of latest actuarial valuation made as on June 30, 2014 using projected unit credit actuarial cost method.

		Note	2014 (Hupees)	2013 (Rupees)
10.2	The amount recognized in the balance sheet			Constant and contract the
	Present value of defined benefit obligations		41,201,315	34,878,14
a	Less: Fair value of plan assets			000000000000000000000000000000000000000
_			41,201,315	34,878,143
10.3	Charge for the year			
	Current service cost		12,382,951	9,423,83
_	Interest cost		3,685,089	3,412,81
			16,068,040	12,836,65
10.4	Movement in liability			
	Balance at beginning of year		34,878,145	27,333,89
	Prior year adjustment		217,944	
	Charge for the year		16,068,040	12,836,65
	Benefits paid during the year		(8,211,650)	(5, 292, 40)
_	Unrecognised actuarial gain		(1,751,164)	
			41,201,315	34,878,14
10.5	Allocation of charge for the year			
	Cost of sales	26.2	12,752,913	10.104,94
	Administrative expenses	28.1	2,016,025	1,754,46
_	Distribution Cost	27.1	1,299,102	977,24
			16,068,040	12.836,65
and the second			Year	Value (Rupees)
10.6	Historical information		- weeks a manna webeeks	
	Present value of defined benefit obligatio	n	32255.02	100105001549
			2014 2013	41,201,31 34,878,14
			2012	27,333,89
			2011	21,825,447
			2010	16,621,53
		Note	2014 (Rupees)	2013 1 Rojova J
TRA	DE AND OTHER PAYABLES			ereneti reta
	ditors		216,126,706	163,502,43
	vanues from customers		5,323,433	15,703,10
Acc	rued liabilities		41,195,994	53,200,82
Wit	h holding Tax		3,644,870	10,940,14
Ret	ention money payable		500,000	1,000,00
Wo	rkers' funds	11.1 & 11.2	34,995,912	26,332,41
Div	idend payable		538,952	8,656,29
			302,325,867	279,336,22

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			2014 (Rupees)	2013 i Rupees f
11.1	Workers' funds			
	Workers' profit participation fund			
	Opening balance		23,678,643	21,332,111
	Provision for the year		4,127,192	
	Interest on funds utilized in Company's business	31	2,723,044	2,346,532
			30,528,879	23,678,643
	Workers' welfare fund			
	Opening balance		2,653,775	2,653,775
	Provision for the year		1,813,258	And the second second
			4,467,033	2,653,775
			34,995,912	26,332,418

11.2 Mark up on Workers' Profit Participation Fund has been provided @ 11.50 % per annum (2013- 11% per annum).

#### 12 ACCRUED MARK-UP

	243,929,877	199,696,886
Short term borrowings	143,108,422	114,785,159
Long term financing	100,821,455	84,910,727

#### 13 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS- SECURED

Facility	Note	Sanctioned limit Rupees (M)	Markup rate (Matching KIBOR/ LIBOR+)	Maek-up/ repayment terms	2014 ( Rupees )	2015 (Ropees)
Pre - shipment	13.1 & 13.4	774	9.01% to 10.38%	Quarterly	765,510,800	774,041,800
Post · shipment	13.2 & 13.4	100	9.12% to 10.24%	Actual Realization	1,470,000	
Running finance	18.3 & 13.4	190	9.02% to 11.94%	Quarterly	187,391,543	189,768,592
					954,372,343	963,810,392

- 13.1 The Company has aggregate sanctioned limits of finance against packing credit (FAPC) and export refinance facilities (ERP) of Rs. 774 million. The company has availed limits of finance against packing credit (FAPC) & export refinance facilities (RRP) amounting to Rs. 236,900 million from Habib. Bank Limited, Rs. 87,477 million from Faysal Bank Limited, Rs. 50,000 million from United Bank Limited, Rs. 191,469 million from Bank of Punjab and Rs. 199,665 million from National Bank of Pukistan.
- 13.2 The Company has aggregate sanctioned limits of finance against foreign bill (FAFB) of Rs. 100 million. The Company has availed limits of finance against foreign bill (FAFB) amounting to Rs. 1.470 million from Allied Bank Limited.
- 13.3 The Company has aggregate sanctioned limits of running finances of Rs. 190 million. The Company has availed limits of running finances amounting to Rs. 145 million from NIB Bank Limited. Rs. 20.517 million from Habib Bank Limited and Rs. 21.880 million from National Bank Limited.
- 13.4 These facilities are secured against first ranking part passu charge over current assets of the Company executed through joint part passu agreement with the lenders of the Company, hypothecation of stocks, lien on confirmed export orders and personal guarantees of the directors.



#### 14 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

- 14.1 The Company has filed a zecovery suit against the Punjab Cotton Mills Limited for Rs. 5,106,639 along with interest. The suit was decreed on April 04, 2014 and is now pending for execution.
- 14.2 M/s. M. J. Industries has filed a suit against the Company for declaration for Rs. 544,644. The case is dismissed by the Honorable Civil Judge, Labore, M/s. M. J. Industries has filed an application for the restoration of the suit.

The Company has filed a recovery suit against the M/s M. J. Industries for Rs. 544,644. The summon and notices have been issued to the defendant and the case is pending due to nen appearance of the defendant before the Honorable Civil Judge, Labore. The Company is aspeful of settlement of the case in its favor.

- 14.3 The Company has filed a recovery suit against the M/s. Amtex Limited for Rs. 2,916,762. The case is fixed for final order by Honorable Judge, high Court, Labora. The Company is hopeful of settlement of the case in its favor.
- 14.4 M/s. Sitara Textiles has filed a suit against the Company for recovery of damages against non-performance of contract no. LO417 for supply of fabric. According to legal confirmation status, suit is pending for framing of issues.

The Company has filed a suit against M/s. Sitara Textiles Limited for Snancial loss, cost of sales loss, loss of business and loss due to breach of contract for Rs. 37.670 million. Company is hopeful of settlement of the case in its favor.

- 14.5 The Company has filed suit for Recovery of Rs. 34 027 Millions for unauthorized sale of shares by First Pakistan Capital Limited. The case is pending before Senior Civil Judge Labore.
- 14.6 The Company has filed suit for Recovery along with damages of Rs. 31.35 Millions against M/s Al-Ahid Silk Ltd. (Suit No. 494 of 2014) in the Sindh High Court. The case is pending before in the Sindh High Court.
- 14.7 The Company has filed a suit against old terrants for vacuation of property purchased by the Company situated at Ek-Maria Pull Labore. The matter is pending for adjudication. Certain suits were filed against the Company regarding the said property which are as under-

-Mohammud Sajid (the plaintiff) has filed a sait for permanent injunctions and declaration against interfering the possession of plaintiff property by protonding that the suit property has been purchased by Zephyr Textiles Limited (the defendant) through registered sales deed bearing distavez no. 2775 dated 01-09-2010, whereas the purchased property of the defendant is separate and different from the suit property of the plaintiff. The case is pending for framing of issues

'Sh. Zafar Icbal V/s. M/s Zephyr Textiles Limited. Sh. Zafar Iqbal has filed a suit for cancelation of registry with respect to the said property purchased by the Company. The case is pending for adjudication.

The Company is hopeful for settlement of the above stated suits in its favor.

14.6 Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 has been amended through Finance Acts 2006 & 2068. These amendments were held unconstitutional and struck down by the Honorable Lahore High Court, Lahore (HLHCL) on August 05, 2011. The decision of the Honorable Lahore High Court, Lahore has been challenged in the Supreme Court of Pakistan, which is still pending.

Owing to the above, the management of the Company has not made provision for Workers' Welfare Fund in these financial statements.

		2014 (Rupses)	2013 (Rupacs)
14.9	Contingencies		
	Bills discounted with recourse	171,114,549	75,955,931
	Bank guarantees issued in the ordinary course of business	43,693,500	36,140,500
		214,808,049	112,096,431
14.10	Commitments		
	Letters of credit	2,956,500	2,151,652

#### 15 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Particulars	and freekal	Buildings on free buildings	Lick soul	Numbers Sollies	Hist and soddlary	Teletanove	Volute	district in the second	Office separate	N. THE
cca1			- Huma			State of the second second	ALTER OF THE		CONTRACT, D	
Brown of Coy 9, 1912	Treester	2842285.4#1	322.7(4,878)	05300.001	128522121	0.0038	17404.701	410040741	23 315 281	2.07.18.05
Additions (in the start of the					171.2242	193712	5,325,193		311.95	10.010.00
Sentiana Adamant	341100	94114151	(Q)		12/2, 249 2111					Lan, Provide
Tanah	11960				10.175.0003		120664911			
Talerence directory at 12	F76,545.211	110 800,000	17732418	\$9,110 T T	38,65,09	12:12:00	11.257.521	33,000,741	30.149.664	(1171 pp) 3.146.881.66
Additional date generatives				34.324	03.416.237	125,500	1514,040	LISTIN	1.112.422	12:13.1
Displacele					70/2010/0		0,165,445	Contract.	delight.	13.10 423
Halance on at June 33, 2014	175,535,509	459,330,001	33.755,478	\$3,454,204	369.513.148	1,468,395	31,429,804	60.640,741	21,867,006	2,224,462,866
DEFRECIATION		4.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.					and the second second		orașt Mervel III.	
Balancin acuto Parly 11, SPUS	£1	11,056,121	1.8656	M 211284	94214121	2 112560	1196.216	121 114 542	8,8,0,494	109 201 109
Residuation Advantance		30.571 (01)			101 102184	-			0.00000000	(155.501.081
A monthland hyperscipture										
statutet in discon)			+	3.3	107 2021		D set mat		-	1,26,23
Reprinter opera-	+1	1184,429	- 2011	3 1985 (104	110386311	\$14802	3,1-12,510	3225,140	171,006	142,025,08
Relation of Diversity 2018		5 115 548	Frields.	20,644,125	T: 457,555	2,0101	13,6563/04	38,000.071	101062404	DILAKW
Actumulation dependation										
eberretet at disposal	41				38,0930	400	2,235 (87)			15 515 178
Pepredation cognition		23,221.001	1/178204	210)152	1222231(907	296334	0,102.537	1001267	1.104746	101,578,938
Balance as of Jense 30, 2218	*	21,199,418	8,320,235	12,607.056	163.321,034	5,187,005	16,820,846	11,891,31F	11,151,200	087,586 800
Waittan dawn yslaw as at Zune 30, 2014	174,506.001	441,200,335	25,212,248	25,586,275	1,205.627,109	5,674,367	14.619,288	34,483,408	10,788,118	1.027.016,014
Weithen down value as at June 30, 2013	179,545,000	444,451,363	21,444,471	21.319.631	1,262,078,774	2,577,819	1,658,510	80,186.071	10,758,218	2.014,548,348
Rate of departmention	1%	¥1.	10.	225	-16	105	90°	105	14	
1. A.C.		Alexandra and			Note	Teles de		14 iecs)	and the second second	013 (peus )

15.1 Depreciation for the year has been allocated as under:

		167,459,038	147,075,088
Administrative expenses	28	2,384,998	2,305,969
Distribution cost	27	2,384,998	2,305,969
Cost of sales	26	162,689,043	142,463.150

15.2 Free-hold land, buildings on free-hold land and plant and machinery represents values subsequent to revaluation as at March 31, 2013. Had there been no sevaluation, the cost, accumulated depreciation, and book value of the revalued property, plant and equipment as on June 30, 2014 would have been as follows:

	Cost as at June 30, 2014			Book value as at June 30, 2013	
Free-hold land	104,553,476		104,553,476	104,553,476	
Buildings on free - hold land	360,776,899	123,148,657	237,627,242	250,133,939	
Plant and machinery	1,671,570,171	923,903,287	747,666,884	830,867,828	
	2,136,899,546	1,047,051.944	1,089,847,602	1,185,555,243	



## 15.3 Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment

The following is the detail of disposals during the year

Particulars	Cost/ Assessed value	Book value	Sale process	g Gata /(Lo	es) Mode of disposal	Name and Address
Vehicles					2811-005-00	
Suzuki Mehran LZX > 1807	454.788	72,486	160,000	87,014	Negotadian	Muhammad Hafi, 155/2- D1, Township Labore.
Suzuki Caltas LXZ - 3718	591,054	52,969	150,000	97,031	Negotiation	Saleb Tanveer Zafar, Mataha Dakkhana Khess Kasur
Shahzare Pickup LRJ - 1746	589,000	115,390	200.000	84,610	Negotiation	Munawar Khao, Mahmood Ahad Kachi Abadi, Begun Pura Labora,
Toyota Corolla LE - 5029	1,682,640	720,954	1,200,000	179.046	Negetiation	Ahaan Abhas, 72-6, Model Town Lahore
Plant and Machinery						
Сотрисавот	163,942	155,845	130,000	(55,845)	Negatistati	Superior Technology, 2A 3, Shinda Complea, 11- Durand Road Labare
2014 Rupeca	3,331,422	1,117,644	1,810,000	692,356		
2013 Rupees	3,071,600	1,471,422	2,362,524	889,102		

	2014	2010
	(Rupers)	(Rupers)
6 CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS		
Opening Balance	58,839,841	5
Additions during the period	10,667,901	94,127,202
Transfers /adjustments during the period	(69,507,742)	(35,287,361)
		58,839,841
7 LONG TERM DEPOSITS		
Security deposits - WAPDA	6,593,152	2,149,972
Other security deposits	1,279,534	1,149,198
	7,872,686	3,299,170

		732,051,885	670,156,815
Finished goods and waste	18.1	400,903,665	342,601,416
Work in process		156,166,104	131,397.506
Raw material		174,982,116	196, 157, 893

18.1 This includes goods in transit amounting to Rs. 17.817 million (2013) Rs. 13.032 million)

		2014 (Rupers)	2013 (Rupees)
9	TRADE DEBTS		
	Considered good:		
	Export - Secured against letters of credit	90,481,365	90,018,211
	Local - Unsecured	247,807,528	239,303,908
		338,288,893	329,322,111
0	LOANS AND ADVANCES		
	Considered good:		
	Loan due from employees	11,409,502	16,771,774
	Advances to:		
	Suppliers	16,508,880	24.699.925
	Suppliers against letters of credit	182,404	2,151,652
		28,100,786	43,623,353
1	TRADE DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND BALANCES WITH STATUTORY AUTHORITIES		
	Prepayments	2,299,123	2,850,384
	Advance income tax	4,383,299	10,663,921
	Margin deposits	16,912,393	8,462,397
	Sales tax refundable	85,649,288	65,634,933
	Export rebate receivable	15,373,081	12,623,365
		124,617,184	100,175,002
2	OTHER RECEIVABLES		
	Other receivables	14,843,371	12,772,118
		14,843,371	12,772,118

Note	Number of share 2014	as/units 2013	2014 ( Rupees )	2013 (Ropees)
SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS				
Investment in Funds				
Atlas Money Market Fund 23.1	20,597	20,487	10,000,000	10.288,38
Faysal Money Market Fund	0	247,805		25,325,70
	20,597	268,292	10,000,000	35,614,09
Investments at fair value through pro	lit or loss - listed	securities		
Pak Electron Limited	944	944	24,564	15,229
Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim Limited		10,000		375,40
New dubilee Life Insurance Company Limit	ed	41,000		3,771,99
JS Growth Fund Limited	37,132	37,132	450,410	450,41
Attock Refinery Limited	11	111	2,335	19,15
Samba Bank Limited	24,500	24,500	163,170	62,965
Summit Bank Limited	1,111	1,111	3,456	2,57
	63,698	114,798	643,935	4,697,735
Un quoted Securities:				
Innovative Investment Bank Limited	250	250	(c.	10
	250	250		-
	84,54õ	383,340	10,643,935	40,311,822

23.1 Atlas Money Market Fund is an open ended money market mutual fund managed by Atlas Asset Management Company Limited. The said investment is valued at fair value and any gain or loss resulting from fair value adjustment is charged to profit or loss.

	Note	2014 (Rupees)	2013 (Rupers )
CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
Cash in hand		773,894	400.393
Cash at banks			
current accounts	24.1	79,355,998	41,968,715
- saving account		15,303	15,303
Cash at banks - foreign currency		583,861	583,170
		80,729,056	42,967,581

24.1 This includes amount held in Habib Metropolitan Bank escrow account against dividend payable amounting to Rs. 558,046 (2013) Rs. 8,135 million).

		Note	2014 (Rupees)	2010 (Rapeus )
ł	SALES · NET		and a second second	and strapets /
	Export		1,322,534,370	1,254,099,01
	Exchange (losa)/gain		(1,219,779)	11,876,29
	Total export sales		1,321.314,591	1,265,975,30
	Local		2,920,989,582	2.599,333,61
	Total sales		4,242,304,173	3,865,308,92
	Export rebute		13,204,047	11,426,32
			4,255,508,220	3.876,736,24
	Commission and claims		(49,430,017)	(28,786,57
	Trade discount		(6,916,971)	(7.041,58
			4,199,161,232	3,840,907,09
	COST OF SALES			
	Raw material consumed	26.1	2,627,388,205	2,499,813.43
	Stores, spare parts and lose tools consumed		99,438,446	67,218,09
	Packing, sizing and lubricants consumed		263,062,249	211,538,15
	Fuel and power		421,836,026	264,716,57
	Salaries, wages and other benefits	26.2	214,009,575	170,313,47
	Processing charges		64,215,156	63,696,02
	Insurance		4,210,256	3,797,77
	Repairs and maintenance		11,817,472	9,681,47
	Traveling and conveyance		4,917,606	3,790,05
	Depreciation	15.1	162,689,043	142,463,15
	Other production overheads		3,295,278	3,322,95
			3,876,879,312	3,440,351,17
	Adjustment of work in process			
	Opening stock		131,397,506	130,531,40
	Closing stock		(156,166,104)	(131,397,50
			(24,768,598)	(866,10
			3,852,110,714	3,439,485,07
	Adjustment of finished goods and waste			
	Opening stock		342,601,416	384,789,70
	Closing stock		(400,903,665)	(342.601.41
			(58,302,249)	42.188.28
		Section and the	3,793,808,465	3,481,673,35

出言		an destruction and	2014	2010
			(Rupees)	(Ropose)
26.1	Raw material consumed			
-	Opening stock		196,157,893	206,058.50
	Purchases		2,613,970,224	2,516,633,813
	Return / discount on purchases		(21,110,503)	(43,443,24)
			2,592,859,721	2,473,190,56
	Freight		13,352,707	16,722,26
			2,802,370,321	2,695,971,53
	Closing stock		(174,982,116)	(196,157,89
_			2,627,388,205	2,499,813,43
26.2	This includes employee benefits amounting to B	ts. 12.753 million (20	13: Rs. 10.105 million).	
	RIBUTION COST			
	Salaries, wages and other benefits,	27.1	7,419,744	5,257,28
	Traveling and conveyance		92,588	493,02
	Sales promotion		375,088	347,41
	Communication		3,045,616	2,163.18
	Vehicles running and maintenance		1,251,726	1,021.69
	Freight		52,594,639	58,011,356
	Clearing and forwarding		7,561,081	7,471,673
	Depreciation	15.1	2,384,998	2,305,96
	Others		1,928,143	2,020,56
			76,653,623	79,082,16

27.1 This includes employee benefits amounting to Rs. 1.299 million (2013: Rs. 0.977 million).

#### 28 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	52,180,784	410,456 62,523,215
	-	11.141,161
15.1	2,384,998	2,305,969
	41,700	124,050
	849,898	774.44
		527.030
		5,059,090
		2,200,11
28.2		800,000
	COMPANY, TAMES (2007)	1.206.35
		3,812,14
		3,104,310
		1,347,80
	A CONTRACT AND A CONTRACT AND A CONTRACT AND A	3.003,726
40.1		15,884,94 6,741,614
00.1		4,080,000
	28.1 28.2 15.1	$\begin{array}{r} 7,354,376\\ 3,900,329\\ 1,422,582\\ 2,496,005\\ 4,488,700\\ 995,999\\ 28.2\\ & 812,500\\ 2,019,394\\ 1,413,267\\ 1,195,378\\ 849,898\\ 41,700\\ 15.1\\ & 2,384,998\\ \\ & 2,942,208\\ \end{array}$

28.1 This includes employee benefits amounting to Rs. 2.016 million (2013: Rs.1.754 million).

設理		Note	2014 (Rupees)	2013 (Rupper)
25.2	Auditors' remuneration			
	Audit fee		600,000	600,000
	Half yearly review		137,500	125,000
	Code of corporate governance review		75,000	75,000
			812,500	800,000
OTHE	R OPERATING EXPENSES			
Exchi	inge loss		862,292	5,559,562
Provis	sion for workers' profit participation fund		4,127,192	2000 - 200
Provis	sion for workers' welfare fund		1,813,258	88
			6,802,742	5,559,562
OTHE	R OPERATING INCOME			
Profit	on investments at fair value		533,895	1,817,304
Dividi	and income		83,547	79.928
Profit	on bank deposits		27,310	871,426
Gain	on disposal of property, plant and equipment	15.3	692,356	889,102
Amor	lization of interest free loan	30.1	(i	137,709,608
Other	Income · fair price shop		2,077,743	2,144,929
Other	8		8,831,408	3,887,160
			12,246,259	147,399,457
30.1	Amortization of interest free loan			
	Carrying value of interest free loan		153,090,227	218,967,844
	Present value adjustment		(34,193,384)	(5,460,473
			118,896,843	213.507,371
	Interest charged to profit and loss		34,193,384	5,460,473
	Current portion shown under current liabilities		(70,700,000)	(146, 933, 500
2			82,390,227	72,034,344

This represented the interest free loans payable to National Bank of Pakistan (NBP) amounting to Rs. 70.700 million payable in 16 quarterly installments commencing from March 2011 and loan payable to Bank of Punjab (BOP) amounting to Rs. 82.390 million payable in 31 monthly installments commencing from October 2017. These loans have been discounted using the weighted average interest rate of 15.32% and 11.53% respectively.

	Note	2014 ( Rupses )	2013 (Rupees)
31 FINANCE COST			
Mark-up on long term financing		45,713,763	99,415,223
Mark-up on short term borrowings		102,693,547	122,990,383
Interest on Workers' Profit Participation Fund	11.1	2,723,044	2.346,532
Bank charges and others		7,788,500	6,471,198
Unwinding of discount		34,193,380	5,460,473
2		193,112,234	236,683,809
12 TAXATION			
Provision for taxation-current	32.1	42,435,240	19,267,163
Deferred taxation	32.2	(17,039,449)	(10,743,614)
		25,395,791	8,523,649

32.1 The Company is under the ambit of final tax up to the extent of export sales under Section 169 of Income Tax Ordinance 2001. Provision for income tax is made accordingly. Income tax provision for income which is not subject to final tax under Section 169 of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 has been calculated in accordance with Section 113 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. No provision for deferred tax has been charged except as explained in note 10.

32.2 This represents deferred tax associated with surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment transferred to retained earnings on account of incremental depreciation.

32.3 Reconciliation of tax expense and product of accounting profit multiplied by the applicable tax rate is not required in view of presumptive taxation.

#### 33 EARNING/(LOSS) PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED

		10.00 Yes	
		1.07	1.92
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	6	59,428,729	59,428,729
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders		63,453,852	$114,\!260,\!897$

33.1 There is no dilutive effect on the basic earning per share.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit for the year before taxation		88,849,643	122,784,446
Adjustments for:		2010 Alto 12 Mile 1012 Alto 1	0000100000000000
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	15.1	167,459,038	147.075.088
Loss/ (gain) on disposal property, plant and equipment	15.3	(692, 356)	(889.102)
Cain on re-measurement of short term investments		(533,895)	(1,817,304)
lividends, capital gains and income from investments		(246,416)	(917.993)
Staff retirement benefits - gratuity		16,068,040	12,836,652
Unrecognized acturial gain		(1.533, 220)	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
Debtors written off			11,141,161
Provision for WPPF & WWF		5,940,450	
Interest on Workers' Profit Participation Fund		2,723,044	2,346,532
Amortization of interest free loans		1	(137,709,608)
Unwinding of discount.		34,193,384	5,460,473
Finance cost		156,195,810	228.876,804
Profit before working capital changes		468,423,522	389,187,149
(Increase) / decrease in current assets			
Stores, spare parts and loose tools		(2, 624, 730)	(10,023,208)
Stock in trade		(61,895,070)	51.222,794
Trade debts		(8,966,774)	(81,511,267)
Loans and advances		16,522,667	(8,047,994)
Other receivables		(2,071,253)	3,751,946
Trade deposits, prepayments and balances with statuto	ry authorities	(30,722,804)	(24,871,392)
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities			
Trade and other payables		22,990,641	62.040,373
Net changes in working capital		(67,767,423)	(7,438,748)
		400,656,099	381,748,401

35 FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

ALL STREET	Mark-up h	earing	N	a maris up bearing		TOYAL	TOTAL
	Maturity up to one year (Rupees)	Maturity after one ye ( Rupses )	100 C	rity up to sue year (Ruyses )	Naturity after one year (Rupper)	2014 (Bapeer)	2018 1 Rupeus I
Financial Assets							
· Loans and receivables							
Long torm deposed					7.872,686	7.872,686	3,299,17
Drode debta	4 -+			\$\$8,288,899		338,288,883	199.328.11
Textore indvances	114			11,109,502	54	11,409,502	16,271,27
Trode depusits and							
other serviceable				16,912,898	2.2	16,912,393	8,402.85
Cost and burs inlances At fair value through profit or loss	16,363	(144) 1471		80.718,764	9	80,729,066	49,967,58
Investments	10,643.905	35		<b>4</b> 8	28	10,648,985	40.311,52
	10,659,288		130,118,148	447,324,541	7,878,686	465,850,465	442,371.93
Financial Leavilities							
· At amortized root							
long term financing	457.016,428	108,760,816		S2	÷2	666,775,744	716,215,23
trade and other presables.	11	- M. S.		\$56,361,532		258,361,655	291,339,55
000001000000000000000000000000000000000	357,016,428	198,760,316	1.0	258,361,652	13	814,138.896	442,577,79
On calance duest gap	(\$46,357,190)	1198,760,316		153,952,859	7.575,686	1148,851,931	(\$01,507,92

	Note	2014 (Rupees)	2913 (Rupees)
	Off balance sheet items	and the second second second second	A REAL PROPERTY OF
	Bills discounted with recourse	171,114,549	75,955,931
	Bank guarantees issued in the ordinary course of business	43,693,500	36,140,500
	Letters of credit	2,956,500	2,151,652
		2,500,000	2,101,002
6	FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT Effective interest rates Financial liabilities		
	Long term financing 6% to 11.65% (2013: 5.95% to 13 56%		
	Short term borrowings 9.01% to 11.94% (2013: 9.50% to 14.1	0%) per annum	
	36.1 Financial risk factors		
	The Company has exposures to the following risks from its use of finance	ualinatruments:	
	<ul> <li>Credit risk</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Liquidity risk</li> </ul>		
	- Market risk (Currency risk, other price risk and interest rate risk)		
	The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishme management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing management policies.		
	Concentration and management of credit risk		
	Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recogniz parties fail completely to perform as contracted.	ed at the reporting	date if counte
	Credit risk from cash and cash equivalents, derivative financial instr financial institution, as well as credit exposures to customers, includ transactions. Out of total financial assets of Rs. 465.856 million (201 assets that are subject to credit risk amounted to Rs. 374.483 million (	ing trade receivable 3: Rs. 441.075 millio	s and committe m), the financia
	For trade receivables, internal risk assessments process determines taking into account its financial position, past experience and other based on internal and external ratings in accordance with the bi- utilization of credit limit is regularly monitored. Accordingly, the cred- also believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk	factors, Individual r mits set by the ma lit risk is minimal a	isk limits are se anugement. Th
	Concentration of the credit risk arises when the number of counter activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ab to be similarly effected by the changes in economic, political or othe that it is not exposed to major concentration risk.	ilities to meet contra	actual obligation
	The Company monitors the credit quality of the financial asse performance of such assets and available external credit ratings. The which are neither past due nor impaired are as under:		
		7,872,686	3,299,170
	Long term deposits Trade debts	7,872,686 338 288 893	3,299,170 329,322,119
	Long term deposits		
	Long term deposits Trade debts	338 288 893	329,322,119

The credit quality of receivables can be assessed with reference to their historical performance with no or some defaults in recent history. The credit quality of Company's bank balances can be assessed with reference to external credit ratings as follows:

	Rating agency	Long term Rating	Short term Rating
Bank Alfalah Limited	PACRA	AA	At+
Askari Bank Limited	PACRA	AA	$\Delta 1 +$
Faysal Bank Limited	PACRA	AA	A1+
Meezan Bank Limited	JCR-VIS	AA	Δ·1+
MCB Bank Limited	PACRA	ΔΔΔ	A1+
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	PACRA	$\Delta \Delta +$	A1-
National Bank of Pakistan	JCR-VIS	AAA	A-1+
Silk Bank Limited	JCR-VIS	Δ-	A-2
SME Bank Limited	PACRA	BBB-	A3
Bank of Punjab	PACRA	AA-	A 1+
United Bank Limited	JCR-VIS	AA+	A-1+
Soueri Bank Limited	PACRA	AA-	A1+
Habib Bank Limited	JCR-VIS	AAA	A-1+
Allied Bank Limited	PACRA	AA+	A1+
NIB Bank Limited	PACRA	AA-	A1+
Bank Al Habib Limited	PACRA	$\Lambda A+$	A1+

#### Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible to always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The Company is not materially exposed to liquidity risk as the Company has obtained short term horrowings from various commercial banks to meet any deficit, if required to meet the short term liquidity commitments. In addition, the Company uses different methods including restructuring and rescheduling of existing loan facilities which assists it in monitoring cash flow requirements. Therefore, the management envisages that sufficient financial resources will be available for the continuing operations of the Company.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market price, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The Company is exposed to market risk on account of foreign currency balances, interest bearing borrowings, investments and foreign currency receivables.

#### Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Company is exposed to currency risk on import of raw materials and stores and spares and export of goods mainly denominated in US dollars and on foreign currency bank accounts. The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk for US Dollars, Pound Sterling and Euro is as follows:

	2014 (Rupees)	2013 (Rupces )
Foreign debtors	90,481,365	90,018,211
Foreign currency bank account	583,861	583,170
Gross balance sheet exposure	91,065,226	90,601,381
Letters of credit	2,956,500	2,151,652
Net exposure	94,021,726	92,753,033

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	Reporting date ra	te		
Man and the second second	2014	2013	2014	2013
Rupees per USD	102.71	96.24	98.55	98.60
Rupees per Euro	138.94	123.80	134.46	128.85
Rupees per Pound Sterling	166.37	150,87	167.79	150.57

As at reporting date, had the exchange of USD, Euro and Pound Sterling depreciated or appreciated by 10% against the currency with all other variables held constant, the change in post tax profit/(loss), mainly as a result of foreign exchange gain/loss on translation of foreign currency denominated payables, would have been as follows:

		un 14	30 Jun 13		
	% Change (+ -)	Impact (+ -)	% Change (+ -)	Impact (+ •)	
Effect on profit or loss USD	10	6,936,973	10	5,916,814	
Euro	10	5,727,104	10	4,653,691	
Pound Sterling	10	9,167,668	10	9,803,940	

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit/(loss) for the year and assets/liabilities of the Company.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rate.

At the reporting date the variable interest rate profile of the Company's significant interest bearing financial instruments was as follows:

	2014 Effective in	2013, nterest rate %	2014 Carrying value	2013 in Rupees
Long term financing	6% to 11.65%	5.95% to 13.56%	555,776,744	716,218,231
Short term financing	9.01% to 11.94%	% 9.50% to 14.10%	954,372,343	963,810,392

#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have decreased/(increased) loss for the year by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2013.

La la la la la companya de	Profit and loss 100 bp		
	Increase	decrease	
As at 30 June 2014 Cash flow sensitivity Variable rate financial liabilities	15,101,491	(15,101,491)	
As at 30 June 2013			
Cash flow sensitivity Variable rate financial liabilities	16,800,286	(16,800,286)	
The consistivity and wais approach is not personally indicative of the off	Fonto on loss for the	. many and maste	

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on loss for the year and assets/ liabilities of the Company.

#### Past due balances

	2014 (Rupess)	2013 (Rupees)
The aging of trade receivable at the reporting date is:		
Past due 1-30 days	281,913,051	262,663,825
Past due 30-150 days	5,158,277	7.314,106
Past due 150 days	51,217,565	59,344,188
	338,288,893	329,322.119

#### 36.2

#### Cupital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguord the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide adequate returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and to maintain a strong capital base to support the sustained development of its business.

The Company manages its capital structure which comprises capital and reserves by munitoring return on net assets and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders, appropriation of amounts to capital reserves or/and issue new shares, as the case may be.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Company manages its capital risk by monitoring its debt levels and liquid assets and keeping in view future investment requirements and expectations of the shareholders. Debt is calculated as total borrowings ("long term financing" and "short term borrowings" as shown in the balance sheet). Total capital comprises shareholders' equity as shown in the balance sheet under "share capital and reserves" and net debt.

The solient information relating to capital risk management of the Company as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 were as follows:

	2014 (Rupees)	2013 (Rupers.)
Total borrowings	1,510,149,087	1,680,028,623
Cash and hank balances	(80,729,056)	(42,967,581)
	1,429,420,031	1,637,061,042
Total equity	659,796,490	562,946,784
	2,089,216,521	2,200,007,826
Gearing ratio %	68.42	74.41

#### 37 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

Description	Chief	2014			2015	
	Executive	Directors	Executives	Chief Excentive	Directors	Exicutave-
Managerial remunerst		984,516	10,573,260	800,004	1,872,000	8,244,120
House rent allowance	8E	443,032	4,757,967	360,000	835,200	3,708,000
Utilities		49,226	528,663	39,996	172,800	407,880
	10 m	1,476,774	15,859,890	1,200,000	2,880,000	12,360,000
No. of persons	1	2	18	1	3	16

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- 87.1 Some of the Directors and the Executives are provided with free use of Company cars as per rules.
- 37.2 No meeting fee was paid to the Directors for attending the meetings of the Board.
- 37.3 Gratuity expense related to Directors is classified under note 28.

	2014 ( Number )	2013 ( Numbur )
PLANT CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION Grieg fabric unit		
No. of looms installed	246	222
No. of looms worked	246	222
Shifts per day	3	3
No. of days actually worked	365	365
Rated capacity (Square Meters in millions)	77.4	75.6
Actual production (Square Meters in millions)	72.9	69.9
Towel unit No. of looms installed	31	31
No. of looms worked.	31	31
Shifts per day	3	3
No. of days actually worked	365	365
Rated capacity (Tona)	2700	2700
Actual production (Tons)	2287	2240
Towel dyeing and processing unit		
Rated capacity (Tons)	3600	3600
Actual production (Tons)	2337	1734

38.1 It is difficult to determine precisely the production capacity in textile weaving mills since it fluctuates widely depending on various factors such as speed, width and construction of cloth woven etc.

#### 39 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

Number of employees at the year end	1020	935
1.8		

#### 40 AUTHORIZATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company and authorised for issue on September 20, 2014.

#### 41. FIGURES

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Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR



1000

100 million (100 m

ZEPHYR TEXTILES LIMI	TED
3rd Floor IEP Building, 97-B/D-1, Gulberg	III, Lahore.

### PROXY FORM

:/We	
Of	
being a member of ZEPHYRT (NAME)	EXTILES LTD. hereby appoint
of	another member of the company
or failing him / ner	
(NAME)	
ol	another member of the Company
(being member of the Company) as my/our proxy to attend and vote fi	or and on rew/our behalf at the 16th Annual General Meeting
of the Company to be held at its Hegistered Office, 3rd Floor IEP	
at 11:30 AM and at every adjournment thereol.	minute as the considered control of the
and the second process of the second bulk way and the second process the process.	
As witnessed given under my/our hand(s)this	day of 2014
As writesses given ander my four hand(s) (1.5	04901 2014
	Affix
Witness:	Revenue Stamps oof Rs. 5/-
Signature:	ns, 57-
Name:	
Address:	
Address:	Signature of Member
34 Theorem	Shares held
. Witness:	Shares held
Signature:	Sharenoiders'
Name	
	CDC A/c #
Address:	CDC A/s #

NOTES:

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ZEPHYR

- Provies, in order to effective, must be reached at the Company's Registered Office, not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting and must be dury stamped, signed and witnessed.
- 2. CDC shareholders, entitled to attend and vote at this meeting, must bring with them their national identity Cards / Passport in original to prove his/ her identity, and in case of Proxy, must enclose an attested copy of his/her NIC or Passport. Representatives of Corporate members should bring the usual documents required for such purpose.